

Client: Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd

**Project:** Design check – 6m, 8m, 8m, 10m, 12m, 14m & 16m Single Pole Star Shade

Structure for 45km/hr Wind Spead

Reference: Extreme Marquees Technical Data

Report by: KZ Checked by: EAB Date: 31/03/2017

JOB NO: E-11-265260



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### 1 Introduction

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The following structural drawings and calculations are for the applicable transportable tents supplied by Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd.

The report examines the effect of 3s gust wind of 45 km/hr on 16m Single Pole Star Shade Structure as the worst case scenario. The relevant Australian Standards AS1170.0:2002 General principles, AS1170.1:2002 Permanent, imposed and other actions and AS1170.2:2011 Wind actions are used. The design check is in accordance with AS/NZS 1664.1 Aluminum Limit State Design.

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### 2 Design Restrictions and Limitations

- 2.1 The erected structure is for temporary use only.
- 2.2 It should be noted that if high gust wind speeds are anticipated or forecast in the locality of the tent, the temporary erected structure should be dismantled.
- 2.3 For forecast winds in excess of (refer to summary) the structure should be completely folded.
  (Please note that the locality squall or gust wind speed is affected by factors such as terrain exposure and site elevations.)
- 2.4 The structure may only be erected in regions with wind classifications no greater than the limits specified on the attached wind analysis.
- 2.5 The wind classifications are based upon category 2 in AS. Considerations have also been made to the regional wind terrain category, topographical location and site shielding from adjacent structures. Please note that in many instances topographical factors such as a location on the crest of a hill or on top of an escarpment may yield a higher wind speed classification than that derived for a higher wind terrain category in a level topographical region. For this reason, particular regard shall be paid to the topographical location of the structure. For localities which do not conform to the standard prescribed descriptions for wind classes as defined above, a qualified Structural Engineer may be employed to determine an appropriate wind class for that the particular site.
- 2.6 The structures in no circumstances shall ever be erected in tropical or severe tropical cyclonic condition.
- 2.7 The tent structure has not been designed to withstand snow and ice loadings such as when erected in alpine regions.
- 2.8 For the projects, where the site conditions approach the design limits, extra consideration should be given to pullout tests of the stakes and professional assessment of the appropriate wind classification for the site.
- 2.9 Design of fabric by others.
- 2.10 No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of <u>unbraced</u> Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.

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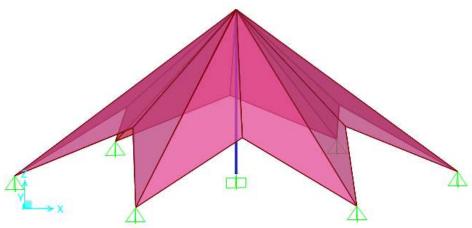
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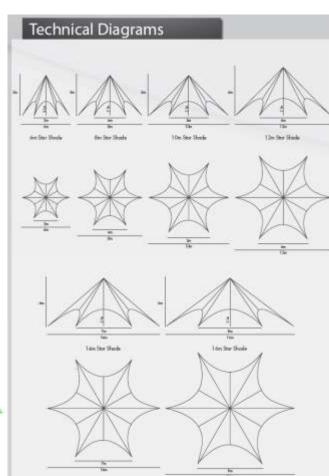
## Specifications

### General

Tent category	
Material	Aluminum 6061T6

Size	Model
16m	16m Single Pole Star Shade





Item	Specification									
Size	6m	8m	10m	12m	14m	16m				
Height	5m	5m	5m	6m	6m	6m				
Clearance	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m				
Centre Pole	Alumin	ium	**							
Feet & Pins	Steel					A				
PVC Fabric	580GS	M Import	ed Belgia	n PVC		1				
Poly Fabric	PVC en	forced po	lyester			11				
Package includes:	Steel Pi	ns, PVC T	ransporta	tion Bag						
Engineer Certification	Fabrics		Penetrati	ate, Resist on Test, U Analysis		1				

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### 3.2 Section Properties

MEMBER(S)	Section	d	t	Уc	$\mathbf{A}_{\mathrm{g}}$	Z <sub>x</sub>	Zy	S <sub>x</sub>	Sy	l <sub>x</sub>	l <sub>y</sub>	J	r <sub>x</sub>	r <sub>y</sub>
		mm	mm	mm	mm²	mm³	mm³	mm³	mm³	mm⁴	mm⁴	mm⁴	mm	mm
Upright Support	D63x2.5	63	2.5	31.5	475.2	6913.5	6913.5	9155.8	9155.8	217774.5	217774.5	435548.9	21.4	21.4

### 4 Design Loads

#### 4.1 Ultimate

		Distributed load (kPa)	Design load factor (-)	Factored imposed load (kPa)
Live	Q	-	1.5	-
Self weight	G	self weight	1.35, 1.2, 0.9	1.2 self weight, 0.9 self weight
3s 45km/hr gust	W	$0.078~\mathrm{C_{fig}}$	1.0	$0.078\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{fig}}$

#### 4.2 Load Combinations

#### 4.2.1 Serviceability

Gravity =  $1.0 \times G$ 

Wind =  $1.0 \times G + 1.0 \times W$ 

#### 4.2.2 Ultimate

Downward =  $1.35 \times G$ 

 $= 1.2 \times G + W_u$ 

Upward =  $0.9 \times G + W_u$ 

### 5 Wind Analysis

Wind towards surface (+ve), away from surface (-ve)

#### 5.1 Parameters

Terrain category = 2

Site wind speed  $(V_{sit,\beta}) = V_R M_d(M_{z,cat} M_s M_t)$ 

 $V_R = 12.50 \text{m/s} (45 \text{ km/hr})$  (regional 3 s gust wind speed)

 $M_d = 1$ 

 $M_s = 1$ 

 $M_t = 1$ 

 $M_{z,cat} = 0.91$  (Table 4.1(B) AS1170.2)

 $V_{sit,\beta} = 11.38 \text{ m/s}$ 



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$$\begin{split} & \text{Height of structure (h)} = 4 \text{ m} \\ & \text{Width of structure (w)} = 16 \text{ m} \\ & \text{Length of structure (l)} = 16 \text{ m} \\ & \text{Pressure (P)} = 0.5 \rho_{air} \, (V_{sit,\beta})^2 \, C_{fig} \, C_{dyn} \\ & = 0.078 C_{fig} \, kPa \end{split}$$

(mid of peak and eave)

### 5.2 Pressure Coefficients (C<sub>fig</sub>)

Name	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes	Ref.
			Input		
Importance level		2			Table 3.1 - Table 3.2 (AS1170.0)
Annual probability of exceedance		Temporary			Table 3.3
Regional gust wind speed		45	Km/hr		Table 3.1 (AS1170.2)
Regional gust wind speed	$V_{R}$	12.50	m/s		
Wind Direction Multipliers	M <sub>d</sub>	1			Table 3.2 (AS1170.2)
Terrain Category Multiplier	$M_{Z,Cat}$	0.91			Table 4.1 (AS1170.2)
Shield Multiplier	Ms	1			4.3 (AS1170.2)
Topographic Multiplier	Mt	1			4.4 (AS1170.2)
Site Wind Speed	$V_{Site,\beta}$	11.38	m/s	$V_{Site,\beta}=V_R^*M_d^*M_{z,cat}^*M_S,M_t$	
Pitch	α	30	Deg		
Pitch	α	0.52	rad		
Width	В	-	m		
Length	D	-	m		
Height	Z	4	m		
•					
		W	ind Pres	sure	
hoair	ρ	1.2	Kg/m <sup>3</sup>		
dynamic response factor	$C_{dyn}$	1			
Wind Pressure	$ ho^*C_fig$	0.078	Kg/m²	$\rho=0.5\rho_{air}^*(V_{des,\beta})^2*C_{fig}*C_{dyn}$	2.4 (AS1170.2)
	<u> </u>	WIND	DIRECT	ION 1&2	
		Exte	ernal Pre	essure	
4. Eve Beef				~	
4. Free Roof				α <b>=0</b> °	

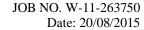
7 | P a g e

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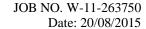
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Area Reduction Factor	Ka	1	
local pressure factor	Kı	1	
porous cladding reduction factor	$\mathbf{K}_{p}$	1	
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,w}$	-0.3	
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{P,w}$	0.8	
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{P,I}$	-0.7	
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{\text{P,I}}$	0	
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{\text{fig,w}}$	-0.30	
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{\text{fig,w}}$	0.80	
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,I}$	-0.70	
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,l}$	0.00	
Pressure Windward MIN	Р	-0.02	kPa
Pressure Windward MAX	Р	0.06	kPa
Pressure Leeward MIN	Р	-0.05	kPa
Pressure Leeward MAX	Р	0.00	kPa

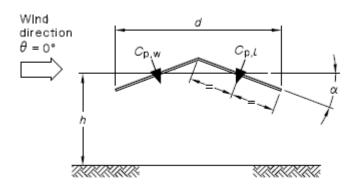
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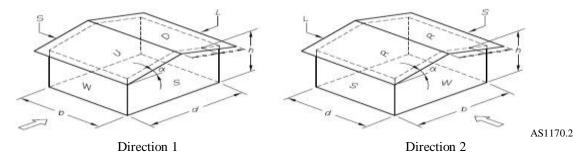


### 5.2.1 Pressure summary

WIND EXTERNAL PRESSURE	Direct	ion1&2
	Min (Kpa)	Max (Kpa)
W	-0.02	0.06
L	-0.05	0.00

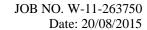


### FIGURE D3 PITCHED FREE ROOFS



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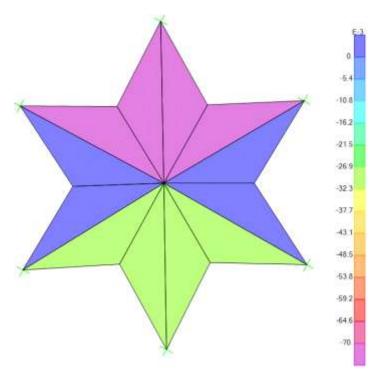
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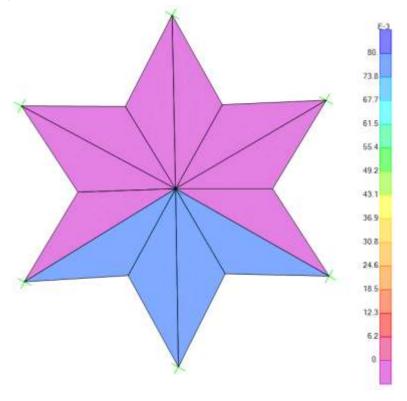


### 5.3 Wind Load Diagrams

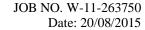
### 5.3.1 Wind 1(case 1)



### 5.3.2 Wind 1(case 2)

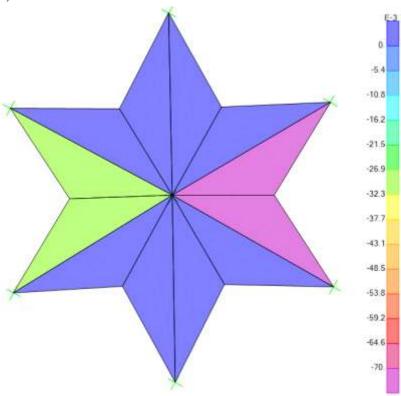


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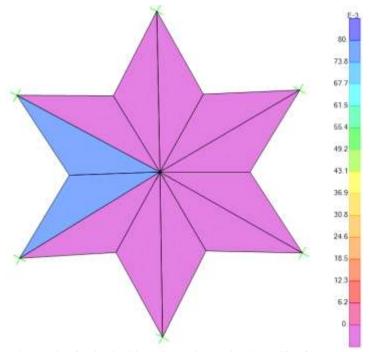








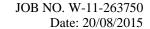
### 5.3.4 Wind 2(case 2)



After 3D model analysis, each member is checked based on adverse load combination. In this regard the maximum bending moment, shear and axial force due to adverse load combinations for each member are presented as below:

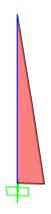
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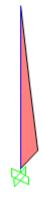




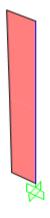
#### 5.3.5 Max Bending Moment due to critical load combination in major axis



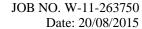
5.3.6 Max Bending Moment in minor axis due to critical load combination



5.3.7 Max Shear in due to critical load combination



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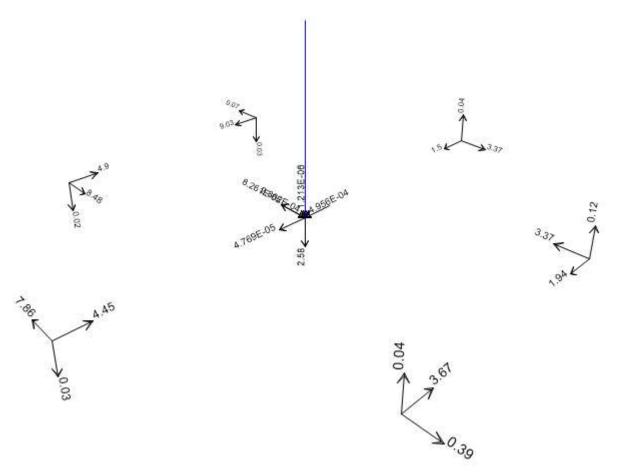




### 5.3.8 Max Axial force in upright support and roof beam due to critical load combination



#### 5.3.9 Max reactions



Max Reaction  $N^* = 2.6kN$ 

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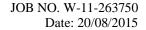
### 6 Checking Members Based on AS1664.1 ALUMINUM LIMIT STATE DESIGN

#### 6.1 Centre Pole

NAME	SYMBOL		VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
D63x2.5	Upright Support					
Alloy and temper	6061-T6					AS1664. 1
Tension	F <sub>tu</sub>	=	262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
TETISION	$F_{ty}$	=	241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	F <sub>cy</sub>	=	241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	=	165	MPa	Ultimate	
Sileai	$F_{sy}$	=	138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_bu$	=	551	MPa	Ultimate	
bearing	$F_{by}$	=	386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	=	70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$\mathbf{k}_{\mathrm{t}}$	=	1.0			T2 4/D)
	<b>k</b> c	=	1.0			T3.4(B)
FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS						
Axial force	Р	=	3.847	kN	compression	
	Р	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_{x}$	=	0.000572 3	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_{y}$	=	0.000991 3	kNm		
DESIGN STRESSES						
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	=	475.1658 9	$\rm mm^2$		
In-plane elastic section modulus	Z <sub>x</sub>	=	6913.475 1	mm³		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_{y}$	=	6913.475 1	mm³		
Stress from axial force	f <sub>a</sub>	=	P/A <sub>g</sub>			
		=	8.10 0.00	MPa MPa	compression	
Stress from in-plane bending	f <sub>bx</sub>	=	<b>0.00</b> M <sub>×</sub> /Z <sub>×</sub>	MPa	Tension	
on 033 from in plane bending	•¤x	=	0.08	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane	$\mathbf{f}_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$			

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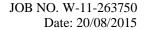




bending		=	0.14	MPa	compression	
Tension						
3.4.3 Tension in round or oval t	tubes					3.4.3
	фҒ∟	=	267.87	MPa		
		0				
		R	070 45			
	фГ∟	=	276.15	MPa		
COMPRESSION						
3.4.8 Compression in columns,	axial, gross s	ection				
1. General						3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of	L	=	6000	mm		
member	k					
Effective length factor	K	=	1			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	21.41	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_{x}$	=	21.41	mm		
Slenderness ratio	kLb/ry	=	280.27			
Slenderness ratio	kL/rx	=	280.27			
Slenderness parameter	λ	=	5.23			
Siendemess parameter	D <sub>c</sub> *	_	90.3			
	S₁*		0.33			
		=				
	S <sub>2</sub> *	=	1.23			
	фсс	=	0.950			
Factored limit state stress	φF <sub>L</sub>	=	8.36	MPa		
2. Sections not subject to torsic	onal or torsion	al-flexur	al buckling			3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	kL/r	=	280.27			
3.4.11 Uniform compression in	components of	of colum	ns. aross se	ection		
Uniform compression in compo	nents of colum	nns, gro	_			3.4.11
plates with both edges, walls of	Tourid of Ova	lube				T3.3(D)
mid-thickness radius of						/
round tubular column or	$R_m$	=	30.25			
maximum mid-thickness radius						
<del></del>	t	=	2.5	mm		
Slenderness	R <sub>m</sub> /t	=	12.1			
Limit 1	S <sub>1</sub>	=	0.24			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	672.46			

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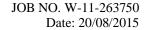




Factored limit state stress	φF∟	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse compressive	Fa	=	8.36	MPa	<b>j</b>
limit state stress  Most adverse tensile limit	_		207.07	MDo	
state stress	Fa	=	267.87	MPa	
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	f <sub>a</sub> /F <sub>a</sub>	=	0.97		PASS
BENDING - IN-PLANE					
<b>3.4.13</b> Compression in beams, etubes	extreme fibre,	gross	section round	d or oval	
Unbraced length for bending	L <sub>b</sub>	=	6000	mm	
Second moment of area (weak axis)	ly	=	2.18E+05	mm <sup>4</sup>	
Torsion modulus	J	=	4.36E+05	${\rm mm^3}$	
Elastic section modulus	Z	=	6913.475 1	mm³	
	R <sub>b</sub> /t	=	12.10		
Limit 1	S <sub>1</sub>	=	44.07		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	78.23		
Factored limit state stress	φF <sub>L</sub>	=	267.87	MPa	
<b>3.4.18</b> Compression in compone edges supported	ents of beams	s - curv	rerd plates wi	ith both	
0 ,,	$\mathbf{k}_1$	=	0.5		
	$k_2$	=	2.04		
mid-thickness radius of round tubular column or maximum mid-thickness radius	$R_{b}$	=	30.25	mm	
radius	t	=	2.5	mm	
Slenderness	R <sub>b</sub> /t	=	12.1		
Limit 1	S <sub>1</sub>	=	2.75		
Limit 2	S <sub>2</sub>	=	78.23		
Factored limit state stress	φF <sub>L</sub>	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	F <sub>bx</sub>	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane			0.00		PASS

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BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE	e oro the see	o for and	of plans b-	ndina		
NOTE: Limit state stresses, φF (doubly symmetric section)	- <sub>L</sub> are the sam	e for out	-от-ріапе ве	naing		
Factored limit state stress	φFL	=	221.14	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	F <sub>by</sub>	=	221.14	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	f <sub>by</sub> /F <sub>by</sub>	=	0.00		PASS	
COMBINED ACTIONS						
4.1.1 Combined compression		4.1.1				
	Fa	=	8.36	MPa		3.4.11
	$F_{ao}$	=	221.14	MPa		3.4.11
	$F_{bx}$	=	221.14	MPa		3.4.18
	$F_by$	=	221.14	MPa		3.4.18
	f <sub>a</sub> /F <sub>a</sub>	=	0.969			
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	+ f <sub>by</sub> /F <sub>by</sub>	≤ 1.0		4.1.1	
i.e.	0.97	≤	1.0		PASS	
SHEAR						
<b>3.4.24</b> Shear in webs (Major Axis)						3.4.24
	R	=	31.5	mm		
	t	=	2.5	mm		
Equivalent h/t	h/t	=	52.49			
Limit 1	S <sub>1</sub>	=	29.01			
Limit 2	S <sub>2</sub>	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	φF <sub>L</sub>	=	107.33	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$\mathbf{f}_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.00	MPa		
3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)						3.4.25
Clear web height	R t	=	31.5 2.5	mm mm		
Equivalent h/t	h/t	=	52.49	111111		
Factored limit state stress	φF <sub>L</sub>	=	107.33	MPa		

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## Civil & Structural Engineering Design Services Pty. Ltd.

Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$		
			0.00	MPa	

### 7 Summary

#### 7.1 Conclusions

- a. The 16m Single Pole Star Shade Structure as specified has been analyzed with a conclusion that it has the capacity to withstand wind speeds up to and including **45km/hr**.
- b. For forecast winds in excess of **45km/hr** the structure should be completely dismantled.
- c. For uplift due to 45km/hr, 3 kN (300kg) holding down weight for centre pole is required.
- d. For resisting against lateral force due to 45km/hr, corner pegs are required provide 13kN lateral resistance.
- e. The bearing pressure of soil should be clarified and checked by an engineer prior to any construction for considering foundation and base plate.
- f. No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of <u>unbraced</u> Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.
- g. Design of fabric by others

Yours faithfully,

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